



## Comparison of Fish Distribution to Fish Habitat in the Lower Feather River SP-F3.2 Tasks 1, 4, and 5





## Methodology Study Design

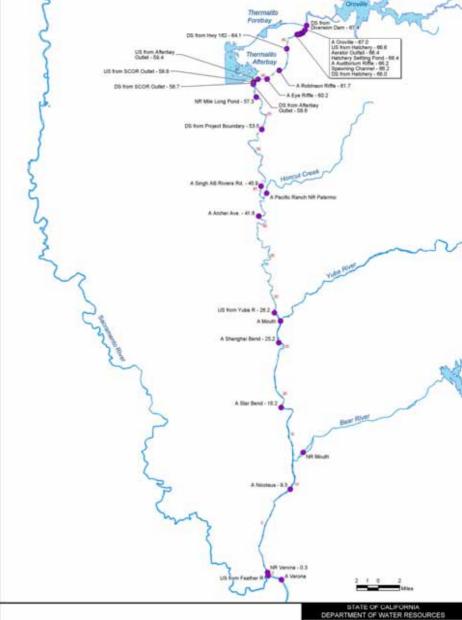
- Task 1 Species Distribution
- Task 4 Habitat Distribution
- Task 5 Compare Species and Habitat Distribution

## Need for Study

 Ongoing operation of the Oroville Facilities influence species and habitat distribution in the lower Feather River.

## Introduction Study Area

 Feather River from the Thermalito
 Diversion Dam to confluence with the Sacramento
 River



Legend

Water Temperature Data Logger Locations

River Miles

Oroville Facilities Relicensing FERC Project No. 2100

FIGURE 4 1-1
Water Temperature
Data Logger Locations
Lower Feather River



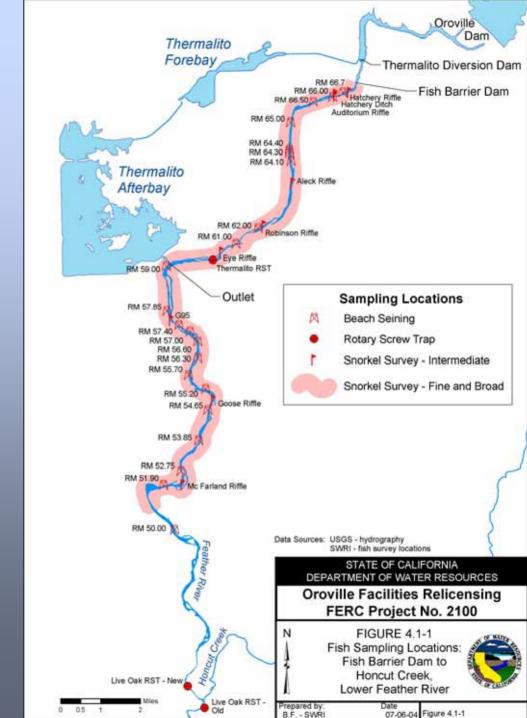
pared by Date Of Figure 4 1-1

## Methodology Data Collection - Species Distribution

- Snorkel Surveys
  - Broad Scale, Intermediate Scale and Fine Scale
- Seining
- Rotary Screw Trap
  - Thermalito and Live Oak

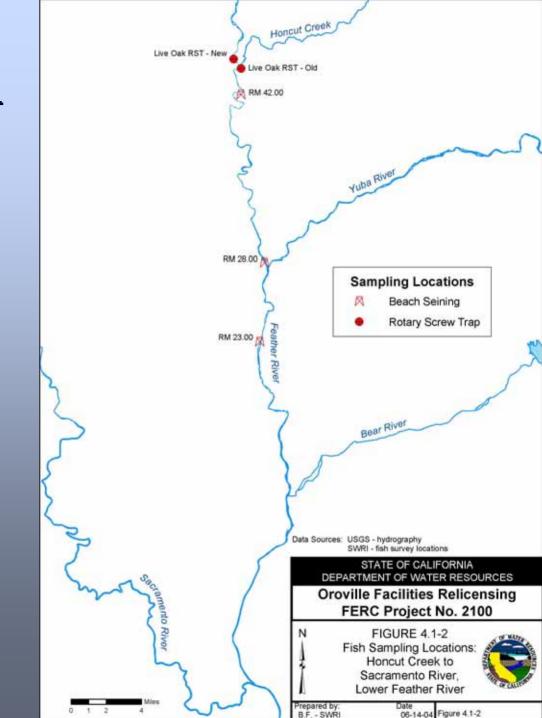
# Methodology Data Collection Species Distribution

Fish Distribution Survey Locations



# Methodology Data Collection Species Distribution

- Fish Species Survey Locations
  - Honcut Creek to Sacramento River



## Methodology Fish Habitat Components

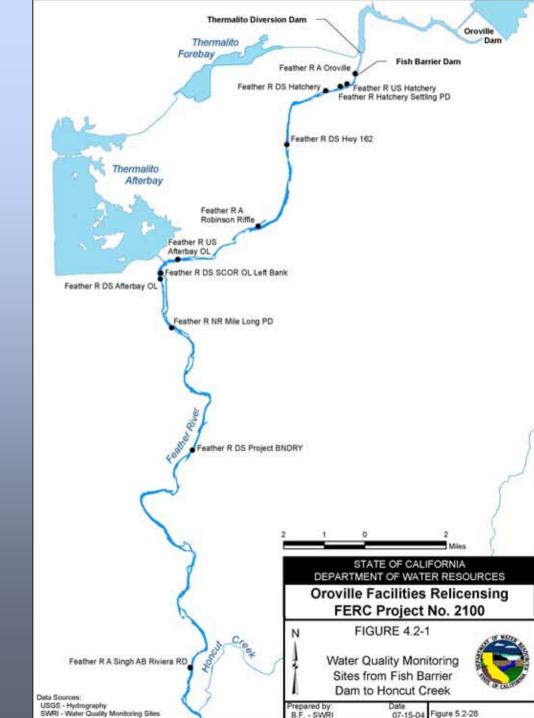
- Mesohabitat Classification
  - Riffle, Run, Glide, Pool, Backwater
- Substrate Classification
  - Bedrock, Boulder, Cobble, Gravel, Sand, Silt/Clay
- Depth Classification
  - 2-foot intervals

## Methodology Data Collection - Habitat Distribution

- Instream Cover Complexity Classification
  - None, Low, Medium, High
- Water Temperature Classification
  - 24 thermograph loggers
- Water Quality Exceedence Classification
  - NAWQC
  - CTR
- Dissolved Oxygen Concentration
  - 6.5 mg/L

# Methodology Data Collection Habitat Distribution

- Water QualityMonitoring Sites
  - Fish Barrier Dam to Honcut Creek



### Methodology Habitat Classification

- Fish Species Habitat Requirements
  - Habitat Query Form
- GIS Analysis of Habitat Components
- Evaluation of Water Temperatures

#### F3.2 Habitat Query Form

Species: <pick one=""></pick>	
Lifestage: <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	
Start Date:	Peak Start Date:
□ Resident <i>or</i> End Date:	Peak End Date:
Suitable Mesohabitat (If a class is not selected, it will be exclude Backwater Boulder Run Glide Pool Riffle	
Preferred Mesohabitat:  □ Backwater □ Boulder Run □ Glide □ Pool □ Riffle	□Run
Suitable Minimum Depth: □ feet 01	meters
Suitable Maximum Depth:	meters
Suitable Substrate (If a class is not selected, it will be excluded):  Bedrock Boulder Cobble Gravel Sand Si	ilt 🗆 Clay
Preferred Substrate:  ☐ Bedrock ☐ Boulder ☐ Cobble ☐ Gravel ☐ Sand ☐ Si  Preferred Instream Cover: <pick one=""></pick>	ilt 🗆 Clay
Preferred Vegetation:  □ Aquatic/Sumberged □ Open Water □ Riparian Forest/W	foodland
Suitable Minimum Temperature:	□°F <i>or</i> □°C
Suitable Maximum Temperature:	□°F 0T □°C
Preferred/Optimal Minimum Temperature:	□°F @r □°C
Preferred/Optimal Maximum Temperature:	□°F <i>01</i> " □°C
Lethal Minimum Temperature:	°F 01 🗀°C
Lethal Maximum Temperature:	°F or □°C
Suitable Minimum Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l):	

## Methodology Species Distribution vs. Habitat Distribution

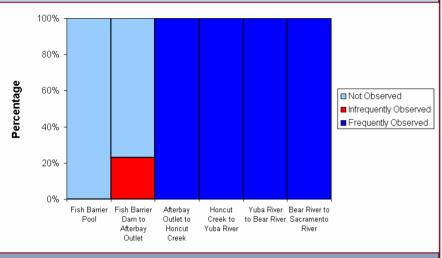
### GIS Analysis

- Spatial coincidence comparison between fish habitat vs. fish distribution for each species
- Calculation of concurrence or disagreement
- Use of the Comparison
  - Determine limiting information
  - Determine relative degree of confidence in results of the analyses

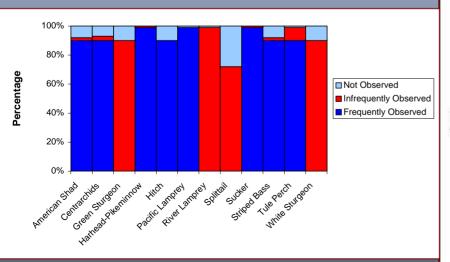
## Results - Fish Species Distribution

Fish taxa	Frequently observed	Infrequently observed	Not observed
American Shad	Thermalito Afterbay Outlet to the confluence with the Sacramento River	Steep Riffle to Thermalito Afterbay outlet	Thermalito Diversion Dam to Steep Riffle
Centrarchids	Thermalito Afterbay Outlet to the confluence with the Sacramento River	Thermalito Diversion Dam to the Fish Barrier Dam and from Steep Riffle to Thermalito Afterbay Outlet	Fish Barrier Dam to Steep Riffle
Green Sturgeon		Thermalito Afterbay Outlet to the confluence with the Sacramento River	Thermalito Diversion Dam to Thermalito Afterbay Outlet
Hardhead and Sacramento Pikeminnow	Fish Barrier Dam to confluence with the Sacramento River	Thermalito Diversion Dam to the Fish Barrier Dam	
Hitch	Thermalito Afterbay Outlet to the confluence with the Sacramento River		Thermalito Diversion Dam to Thermalito Afterbay Outlet
Pacific Lamprey	Fish Barrier Dam to confluence with the Sacramento River		Thermalito Diversion Dam to the Fish Barrier Dam
River Lamprey		Fish Barrier Dam to confluence with the Sacramento River	Thermalito Diversion Dam to the Fish Barrier Dam
Sacramento Splittail		Honcut Creek to the confluence with the Sacramento River	Thermalito Diversion Dam to Honcut Creek
Sacramento Sucker	Fish Barrier Dam to confluence with the Sacramento River	Thermalito Diversion Dam to the Fish Barrier Dam	
Striped Bass	Thermalito Afterbay Outlet to the confluence with the Sacramento River	Steep Riffle to Thermalito Afterbay Outlet	Thermalito Diversion Dam to Steep Riffle
Tule Perch	Thermalito Afterbay Outlet to the confluence with the Sacramento River	Fish Barrier Dam to Thermalito Afterbay Outlet	Thermalito Diversion Dam to the Fish Barrier Dam
White Sturgeon		Thermalito Afterbay Outlet to the confluence with the Sacramento River	Thermalito Diversion Dam to Thermalito Afterbay Outlet

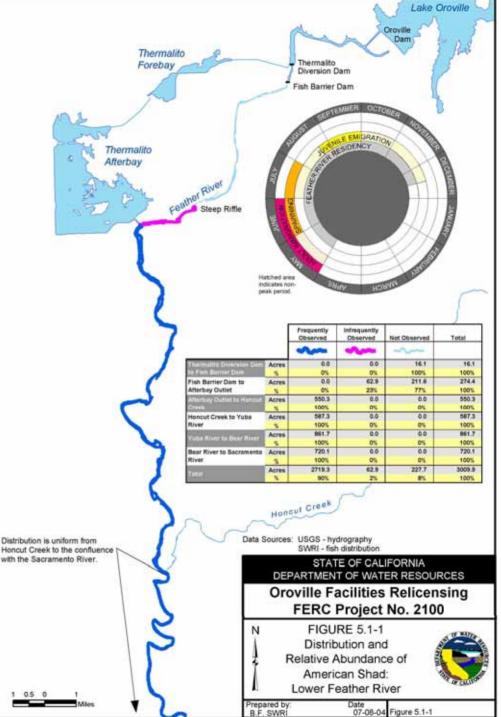
## Results – Fish Species Distribution



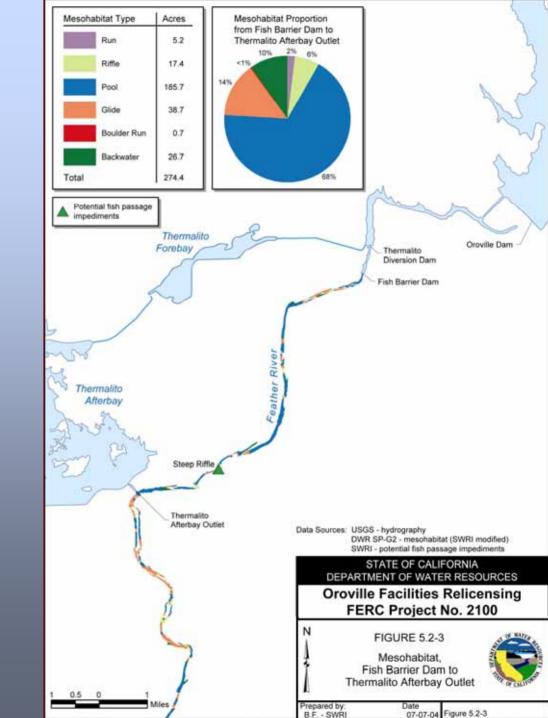
Proportions of relative abundance of American shad by reach.



Relative abundance of fish in the lower Feather River by species.



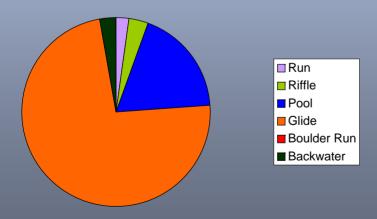
## Results – Mesohabitat Distribution



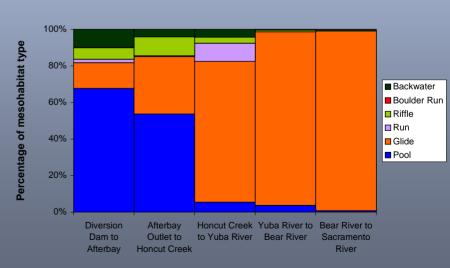
### Results - Mesohabitat Distribution

Mesohabitat Type	Diversion Dam to Afterbay	Afterbay Outlet to Honcut Creek	Honcut Creek to Yuba River	Yuba River to Bear River	Bear River to Sacramento River
Run	5	2	59	0	0
Riffle	17	57	20	8	0
Pool	186	296	32	32	6
Glide	39	173	452	818	708
Boulder Run	1	0	0	0	0
Backwater	27	22	25	4	6

Mesohabitat area (acres) by reach in the lower Feather River.



Percentage of mesohabitat types in the Feather River



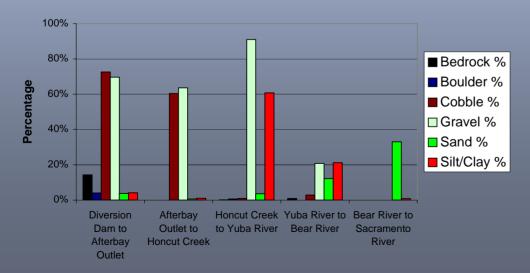
Percentage of mesohabitat type in the lower Feather River by reach

### Results - Substrate

Substrate acreage by reach in the lower Feather River

Reach	Bedrock Acres	Boulder Acres	Cobble Acres	Gravel Acres	Sand Acres	Silt/Clay Acres
Diversion Dam to Afterbay Outlet	39	11	199	191	10	11
Afterbay Outlet to Honcut Creek	0	0	333	350	3	6
Honcut Creek to Yuba River	0	4	5	535	21	357
Yuba River to Bear River	8	0	24	179	105	183
Bear River to Sacramento River	0	0	0	0	238	6

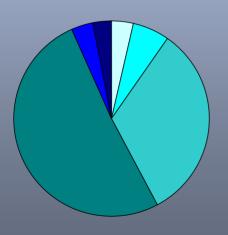
#### Substrate proportions by reach in the lower Feather River

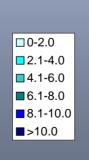


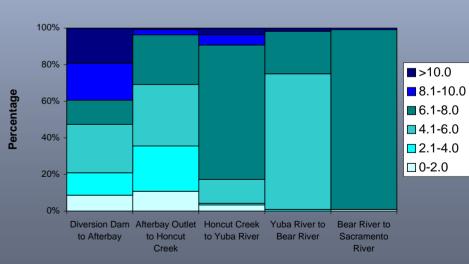
## Results - Water Depth Distribution

Water depth strata (feet)	Diversion Dam to Afterbay	Afterbay Outlet to Honcut Creek	Honcut Creek to Yuba River	Yuba River to Bear River	Bear River to Sacramento River
0-2.0	24	60	20	0	6
2.1-4.0	34	136	6	8	0
4.1-6.0	72	185	76	639	0
6.1-8.0	37	150	432	200	708
8.1-10.0	55	16	33	0	6
>10.0	52	4	21	15	0

Water depth strata acreage by reach in the lower Feather River.



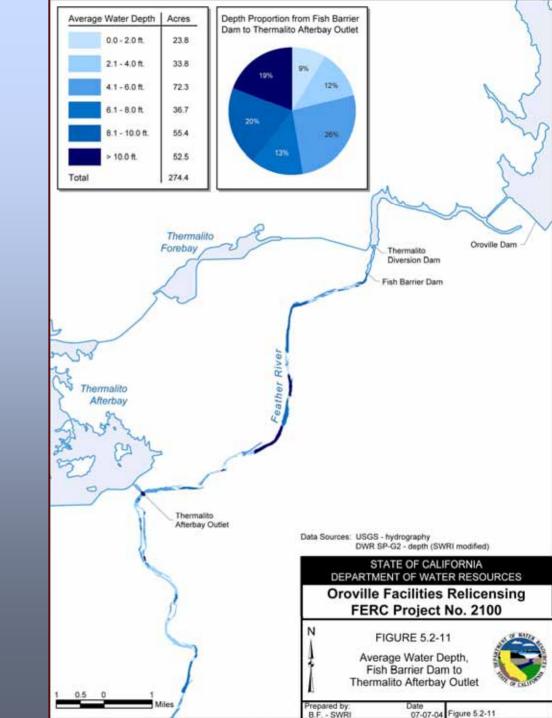




Proportions of water depth strata (ft) in the Feather River

Proportions of water (ft) depth strata in the lower Feather River by reach

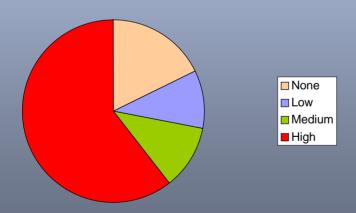
## Results – Water Depth Distribution



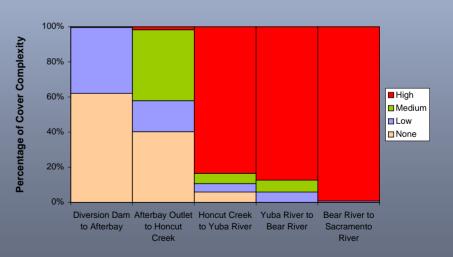
### Results - Instream Cover Complexity

	Diversion Dam to Afterbay	Afterbay Outlet to Honcut Creek	Honcut Creek to Yuba River	Yuba River to Bear River	Bear River to Sacramento River
None	170	222	35	0	0
Low	103	97	28	16	6
Medium	1	222	34	19	0
High	1	9	490	827	714

Instream cover complexity acreage by reach

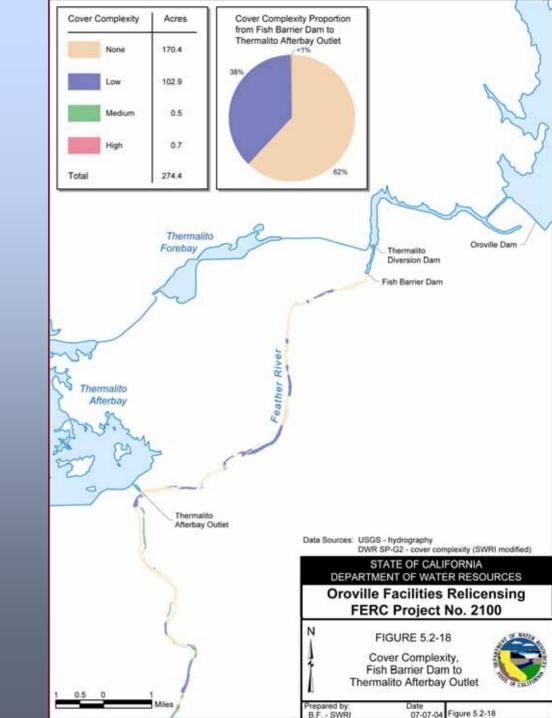


Proportions of instream cover complexity in the Feather River



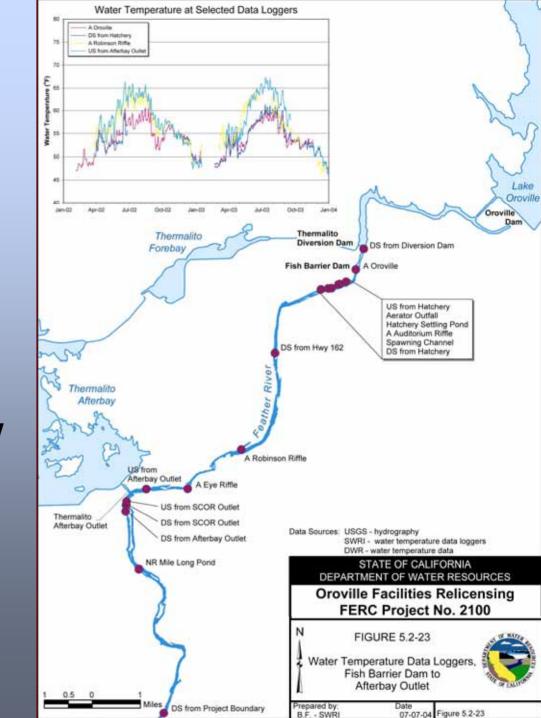
Proportions of water (ft) depth strata in the lower Feather River by reach

## Results – Instream Cover Complexity



## Results - Water Temperature

- Data Use
  - Point source data extrapolated
  - Tributary inflow
  - Comparison to species requirements



### Results - Water Quality Exceedences

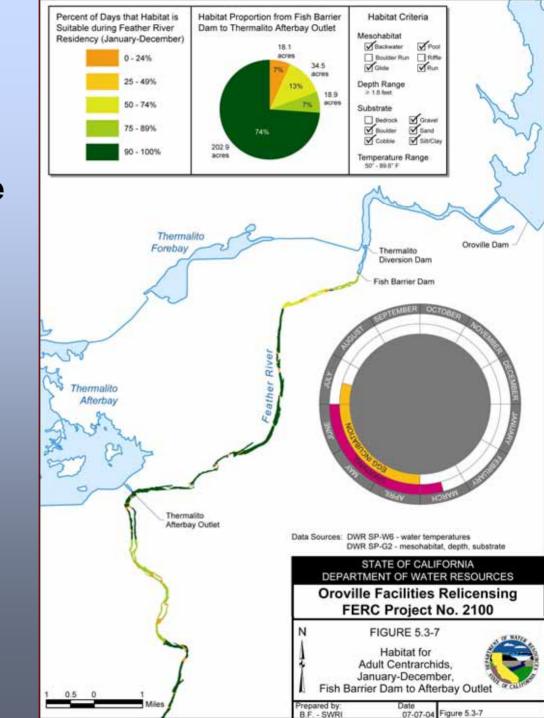
- Exceedence of NAWQC or CTR occurred for three constituents
  - Total aluminum, total iron, total copper

Summary table of water quality aquatic life criteria exceedences for total metals (mg/L) in the Lower Feather River from Honcut Creek to the Yuba River.

Number (%) of samples exceeding criteria or objectives	Aluminum	Copper	Iron
Feather R A Archer Ave Number of samples	17	17	17
CTR Aquatic Life	-	0	-
NAWQC Aquatic Life	10 (59%)	-	0
Yuba R A Mouth Number of samples	17	17	17
CTR Aquatic Life	-	0	-
NAWQC Aquatic Life	12 (71%)	-	0
Feather R US Yuba R Number of samples	16	16	16
CTR Aquatic Life	-	1 (6%)	-
NAWQC Aquatic Life	16 (100%)	-	1 (6%)

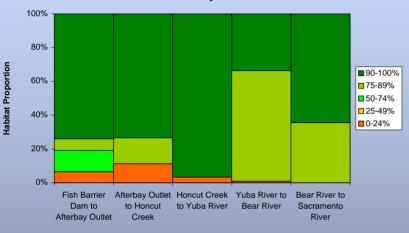
## Results – Habitat Distribution

- Proportion of Relative Habitat Suitability Classes
  - Zero to 24 percent
  - 25 percent to 49 percent
  - 50 percent to 74 percent
  - 75 percent to 90 percent
  - 90 percent to 100 percent

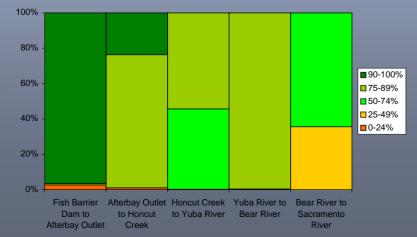


### Results - Habitat Distribution

Proportion of centrarchid habitat in the lower Feather River by reach.

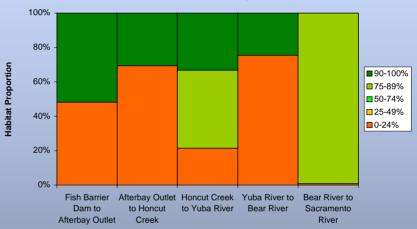


Proportion of river lamprey habitat in the lower Feather River by reach.

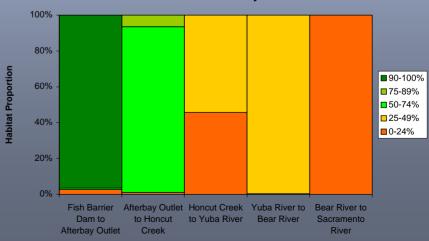


Habitat Proportion

Proportion of green sturgeon habitat in the lower Feather River by reach.



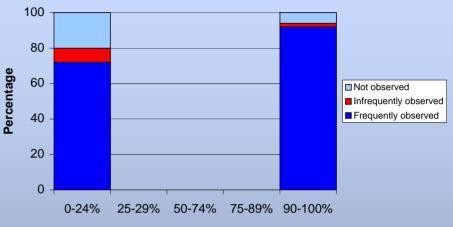
Proportion of Pacific lamprey habitat in the lower Feather River by reach.



# Results – Species Distribution vs. Habitat Distribution

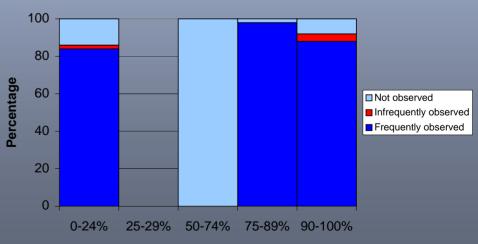
- Expose potential limitations of data
- Identify factors potentially limiting habitat availability
- Determine functional relationship between project operations and species and habitat distribution

Relative abundance of American shad as a function of the proportion of relative habitat suitability



**Relative Habitat Suitability Classes** 

Relative abundance of centrarchids as a function of the proportion of relative habitat suitability



**Relative Habitat Suitability Classes** 

- Species Distribution
  - Same as fish relative abundance and distribution results as "Interim" report

- Fish Habitat Components
  - Mesohabitat
    - Diversity decreased with distance downstream
  - Substrate
    - Course upstream with increasing component of fines with distance downstream
  - Water Depth
    - Deepest and most diverse upstream

- Habitat Components
  - Instream Cover Complexity
    - Lowest upstream highest downstream
  - Water Temperature
    - Coldest upstream
  - Water Quality
    - Three analytes exceeded criteria
    - Aluminum exceeded criteria most often
    - Exceedences occurred at all sample sites

#### Habitat Distribution

- Habitat for ten species utilized only habitat components and habitat distribution was not affected by water temperature
- Habitat for distribution and proportion of suitability was effected limited by water temperatures for six species
- Species Distribution vs. Habitat Distribution
  - Amount of agreement or disagreement allows decisions to be made on the appropriate use of the data

### Project Related Effects

- Specific changes in operations likely would alter quantity, quality, and distribution of habitat in the lower Feather River
- Results of the fish habitat distribution and habitat requirements, potential operational changes can be utilized as the basis evaluate the effects on the quantity, quality and distribution of fish habitat